CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA-0412
Springfield
12605 Dulaney Valley Road
Baltimore, Baltimore County
1800 ca.
Private

Constructed circa 1800, Springfield is well representative through its form and ornament of Federal style houses built throughout Baltimore County in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Although it is currently unknown whether the house was constructed by the Pearce family, this possibility is likely, for it was occupied by members of the family from 1850 until at least 1915. Indeed, since their settlement in the area now comprising the city of Towson, the Pearce family had maintained significant land holdings that included the original survey of "Molly's Industry." The 1850 county atlas confirms the extensive holdings of the family, for it shows several agricultural properties occupied by the Pearces. One of these properties is the circa 1800 Springfield. Throughout this mid- to late 19th century period, the land surrounding Springfield remained rural in character. Thomas Pearce occupied the property in the early 1900s.

Constructed circa 1800, Springfield is a two-and-a-half-story dwelling. The five-bay-wide random rubble stone building has been parged with stucco. The second story is clad in weatherboard. Circa 1930, a one-and-a-half-story Colonial Revival style random rubble stone wing with a porte cochere hyphen terminating in a three-bay-wide garage with a cupola was added to the façade. The side gable roof of the main block and the gable roofs of the various wings are clad in slate tiles. Three interior end chimneys of rebuilt stretcher bond brick construction rise from the main block and the wing. A six-paneled single-leaf wood door centrally pierces the façade, or north elevation, of the main block with leaded sidelights over paneled dado. A one-story, one-bay-square entrance portico shelters the entry with a flat roof supported by wood Tuscan columns. Directly above the portico, the central bay of the second story features one tripartite Palladian window composed of a central round-arched 9/6 window with 2/2 sidelights and a molded Federal style round-arched hood. Four 9/9 windows pierce the outer bays of the first story, while four 9/6 windows flank the Palladian window on the second story. Also located on the property is a circa 1900 well with a random rubble stone curb supporting a wood frame structural system surmounted by a hexagonal, hipped roof clad in wood shingles. Built into the hillside to the south of the house is a one-story, one-bay-square outbuilding of random rubble stone construction with a chimney. The building's use could not be determined at the time of the survey.

### Inventory No. BA-0412

# Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of F	Property	(indicate preferred na	nme)				
historic				·			
other	Springfield						
2. Location							
street and number	12605 Dulaney	Valley Road				_ not for	publication
city, town	Phoenix					vicinity	
county	Baltimore Coun	ty					
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing a	addresses of al	l owners	)		
name	Bernard M. and	Rose E. Willemain					
street and number	12605 Dulaney	Valley Road			telephone	Not Ava	ilable
city, town	Phoenix		state MD		zip code	21131	<del></del>
Contril Contril Deterr Deterr	buting Resource in buting Resource in nined Eligible for the nined Ineligible for ded by HABS/HAE						
Histori	The control of the co	t or Research Report at MHT					
6. Classifica	tion						
Category districtX_building(s)structuresiteobject	OwnershippublicX_privateboth	educationfunerarygovernment	landscaperecreationreligionsocialtransportawork in prunknown _ vacant/no	n/culture ation rogress	Resource Contributin ——! —————————————————————————————————	ng Nor	ncontributing buildings sites structure objects Total

1

Inventory No. BA-0412

#### Condition

excellent X_ good	deteriorated ruins		
fair	altered		

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Constructed circa 1800, Springfield is a two-and-a-half-story Federal style dwelling. The five-bay-wide random rubble stone building has been parged with stucco. The second story is clad in weatherboard. Exterior architectural analysis suggests that the one-and-a-half-story random rubble stone wing may pre-date the main block, but this has not been confirmed. Circa 1930, a one-and-a-half-story Colonial Revival style random rubble stone wing with a porte cochere hyphen terminating in a three-bay-wide garage with a cupola was added to the façade. The side gable roof of the main block and the gable roofs of the various wings are clad in slate tiles. Three interior end chimneys of rebuilt stretcher bond brick construction rise from the main block and the wing. A six-paneled single-leaf wood door centrally pierces the façade, or north elevation, of the main block with leaded sidelights over paneled dado. A one-story, one-bay-square entrance portico shelters the entry with a flat roof supported by wood Tuscan columns. Directly above the portico, the central bay of the second story features one tripartite Palladian window composed of a central round-arched 9/6 window with 2/2 sidelights and a molded Federal style round-arched hood. Four 9/9 windows pierce the outer bays of the first story, while four 9/6 windows flank the Palladian window on the second story.

Also located on the property is a circa 1900 well with a random rubble stone curb supporting a wood frame structural system surmounted by a hexagonal, hipped roof clad in wood shingles.

Built into the hillside to the south of the house is a one-story, one-bay-square outbuilding of random rubble stone construction with a chimney. The building's use could not be determined at the time of the survey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Glen Oak (BA-2367) and the Sherwood House (BA-2628) for similar garage/main block footprints.

8. Significa	ance			Inventory No. BA-0412
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 X 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	<ul> <li>economics</li> <li>education</li> <li>engineering</li> <li>entertainment/</li> <li>recreation</li> <li>ethnic heritage</li> <li>exploration/</li> <li>settlement</li> </ul>	health/medicine industry invention landscape archite law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ecture religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1800 capresent		Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction da	tes 1800 ca., 1935 ca.			
Evaluation for:				
National Register		N	laryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Constructed circa 1800, Springfield is an excellent example of high style Federal style dwellings. The house is well representative through its form and ornament of the type of house built throughout Baltimore County in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Although it is currently unknown whether the house was constructed by the Pearce family, this possibility is likely, for it was occupied by members of the family from 1850 until at least 1915. Indeed, since their settlement in the area now comprising the city of Towson, the Pearce family had maintained significant land holdings that included the original survey of "Molly's Industry." The 1850 county atlas confirms the extensive holdings of the family, for it shows several agricultural properties occupied by the Pearces. One of these properties is the circa 1800 Springfield. Springfield remained in the possession of the Pearce family through the late 19<sup>th</sup> century, as is indicated by the 1877 atlas, which shows the building occupied by William Pearce.<sup>4</sup> Throughout this mid- to late 19<sup>th</sup> century period, the land surrounding Springfield remained rural in character. By 1877, local family names in addition to Pearce included Matthews, Dance, Trimble, Trapp, and Mumma. Occupied in the early 20th century by Thomas Pearce, the house experience alterations that resulted in the construction of a three-bay-wide garage that was attached to the main block of the house by the construction of a porte cochere hyphen. The resulting form of the building appears to be related to two dwellings designed by the architectural firm of Palmer and Lambdin in the first half of the 1900s.<sup>5</sup> The area retained its rural character through the early and late 20th century. The only significant change to the landscape has been the early 20th century creation of the nearby Loch Raven Reservoir, an important source of water for the City of Baltimore.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Neal A. Brooks and Eric G. Rockel, A History of Baltimore County (Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979), p. 52.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> J.C. Sidney, Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys (Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Glen Oak (BA-2367) and the Sherwood House (BA-2628).

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-0412

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979. Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850

### 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	.50 Acre		
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown		
Quadrangle name	Towson	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000

### Verbal boundary description and justification

Since its construction circa 1800, Springfield has been associated with the 5.26 acres known as tax parcel 117 of map 53, located in the Baltimore County Tax Assessor's office.

## 11. Form Prepared by

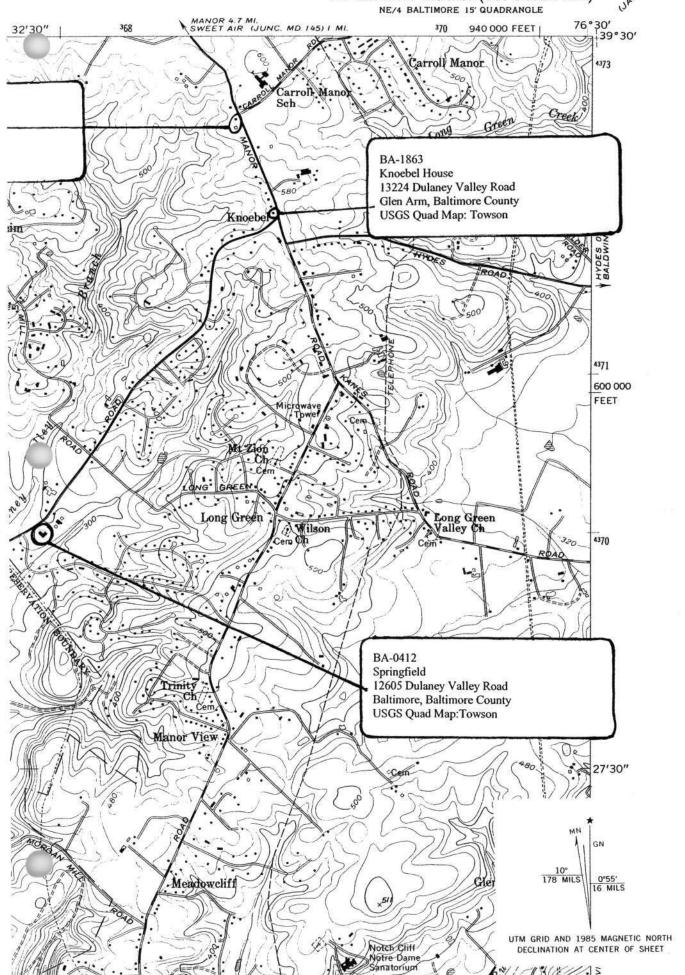
name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	May 8, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600 TOWSON QUADRANGLE MARYLAND-BALTIMORE CO. 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC) STEET SWILLE





BAT-0412
12605 DULANEYVALLEY ROAD
LONGBEETN
BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TEACELES 3/2001

MO-SHOO SW ELEVATION

45



BA-0412 12605 DULANEY VALLEY LOND LONG GLEEN BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACECLES 3/2001

MD-SHOO

N CORNER



BA-0412
12605 DULANEYVALLEY ROAD
LONGGREEN
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TRHLELIES
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3 of 5

E CORNER



BA-0412 12605 DULANTY VALLEY FOAD LONG GLEEN BALTIMORE COUNTY, MO TRACELIES

4 0/5

3/2001 MD-5HPD

OUTBUILDING



BA-0412 DGOS DULANEY VALLEY LOAD LONG GLEEN BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

F of F

WELL

TRACERIES

MD-SHOD

BA-412

SPRINGFIELD - Before 1850 - (East side of) 12605 Dulaney Valley Road, 0.4 mile south of Dance Mill Road. The Pearce house was shown in the 1850 map and 1877 atlas. Large, stone, stucco-covered house in vernacular style with gable roofing; recessed porch on south. Not found in 1798 tax list.